ABC YEAR 2 LESSON #4

The Blue Day Book for Kids by Bradley Greive
Or
Today I Feel Silly and Other Moods That Make My Day by Jamie Lee Curtis

MESSAGE TO ABC READERS
The main theme of The Blue Day Book for Kids is to show students that having a bad day happens to everyone, and with a little effort and creativity we can often make those days more positive. This book was selected after our 2004-05 county-wide developmental assets survey revealed that 55% of students in the 4th and 5th grades reported being “sad or depressed in the last two weeks.” Our latest survey results show that 35% of students felt this way. Young people need relationships and experiences that help them view discomfort, sadness and obstacles as temporary and fixable. The impact of this book has given students practical tips to help them turn their blue day around, thereby building basic life coping skills.

The main theme of Today I Feel Silly and Other Moods That Make My Day will teach students to identify emotions and to understand how another person feels. Learning to identify feelings is important because it is one of the first steps to understanding empathy. Empathy denotes a deep emotional understanding of another's feelings or problems.

Asset Information:
This book builds assets from 5 of the 8 categories:
• Positive Values - #30 Responsibility and #31 Healthy Lifestyles
• Social Competencies - #33 Interpersonal Competence
• Positive Identity - #37 Personal Power
• Boundaries and Expectations - #14 Adult Role Models and #15 Positive Peer Influence
• Commitment to Learning - #24 Bonding to School

In our lesson today, our goals are:
• Empower children to practice specific skills they can use to influence things that happen to them.
• View disappointment and sadness as temporary and fixable states.
• Act and switch directions so that the outcome of their day is changed.
• Name feelings and notice the feelings of others.
• Learn ways to accept and deal with feelings.

TYPES OF BULLYING ADDRESSED:
Negative self-talk, the false belief that a sad or negative situation is permanent, and a fixed mindset all contribute to feeling powerless and blue in difficult times. In this lesson, students practice choosing how they respond to bucket-dipping from others, and practice resisting the urge to dip into their own buckets. Young people need practice putting a lid on their buckets.

Project Cornerstone, ABC Year 2, Lesson 4, The Blue Day Book for Kids
when faced with disappointing, sad or challenging situations. Using positive self-talk and keeping a growth mindset help youth see that most unhappy events are temporary and can be improved by building upon their own positive relationships and experiences. Although bucket dippers may direct negative and hurtful behaviors towards a target in hopes of filling their own bucket, youth can choose how to react to bullying as a way to put a lid on their bucket and protect the good feelings they have about themselves.

LESSON

Conversation Starter for Both:
Look at the cover of the book – what does it tell you about this book? Sometimes we feel happy and sometimes we feel sad. Both kinds of feelings are normal. Of course, we all enjoy good feelings, but some days we feel sad.

1.) What kinds of days do you have? (happy, quiet, fun, calm, sad, exciting, lonely)
2.) Have you ever had a bad day when you felt sad or blue?
3.) How can you tell if someone you know is having a blue day, a good day or an OK day?

Or

Ask students to take a feeling pulse. How are they feeling right now? Write it down on a paper or pair share with a partner. Have everyone stand up and do jumping jacks. Take your feeling pulse again. How do they feel? Discuss the results of doing a physical activity.

Conversation Starter for Today I Feel Silly:
Act out some simple feelings. Use facial expressions as part of your role-play. Ask students to identify the feelings.

Read the Book:
Blue Day Book
Our book today shares lots of fun animal photos with us. They will probably make us giggle and laugh. But they will also be showing us some great ways we can switch directions and make a day better if we start to feel blue or sad. Have the students look at the animal’s body language in the story.

Today I Feel Silly
As you read the book, ask the students to look closely at the faces and body language of each person in the illustrations. Have the children identify for you the emotions expressed on each page. You can make a list as they name them during the reading or during the questions. Ask your teacher if they have a feelings chart that you can refer to as students name different feelings. (Carson-Dellosa Publ. Picture Perfect Chartlet Emotions, CD-6249)

Discussion for Blue Day Book:
1. What does a blue day mean? How did the animals feel?
2. What causes a blue day?

Project Cornerstone, ABC Year 2, Lesson 4, The Blue Day Book for Kids or Today I Feel Silly
3. Is it OK to have a blue day, once in a while?
4. What did you see some of our animal friends do to cheer themselves up? (Pg. 26)
   - Make a list of student responses.
5. When you feel a little blue or sad, what did you learn that you could do to switch directions and cheer yourself up? How can you be a bucket filler and cheer up a classmate/friend?

**Discussion for Today I Feel Silly Book:**
1. On page 3, what does the word imagine mean?
2. **When are some times that you’re happy? How does it feel to be happy?** (nice, good, excited, pleased, content)
3. **Have you ever been sad? What are some things that make you sad? How does it feel to be sad?** (Answers may include lonely, unhappy, blue, disappointed, down)
4. **How does it feel to be angry?** (Answers may include mad, grumpy, upset, furious, cranky) **How do you show that you are angry? What can you do when you get angry?** (Identify your feeling by saying “It makes me angry when...“ take deep breaths, walk away until you feel calmer.)
5. Can we always know how someone feels? If we don’t, what can we do?
6. **Why do we want to understand how other people feel? What are some times when people might want us to understand and care? Show Understand and Care Poster.** (Help children realize that they can show understanding about all types of situations and feeling, including when people are excited, impatient, worried, confused, frustrated etc.)

You can use the following for both books: Say, “I would like to share with you some steps to help you change how you feel. Remember if you don’t like the way you are feeling; You have the power to change how you feel. You can also help a classmate/friend whose bucket may be feeling empty to remember these steps.”

- **Accept and name** your feelings. Say to yourself: “I am sad.” “I am scared.” “I am angry.” “I am embarrassed.”
- **Remind yourself that this feeling is temporary.** You will feel happy again. Look to caring peers and adults for support. Take steps to put a lid on your bucket. Do not allow yourself to dip into your own bucket. Use positive self-talk to remind yourself of the ways you have overcome difficult times in the past.
- **Relax and take a time out** before you act. Take slow deep breaths and relax all of the muscles in your body. Get ready to choose the way you respond.
- **Think** about ways to help move out of your mood. Use positive self-talk to help make a plan. Thinking helps you make positive decisions about how to keep a lid on your bucket.
- **Do something to switch directions and change the way you feel.** Take control of how you respond the feeling blue by doing something you enjoy. Talk to a caring adult of friend about how you feel, or play and active game (Physical activity releases endorphins that make you feel better!)
- **Be there for a classmate needing support.** Filling buckets is a great way to change a blue day to a great day. When you fill the buckets of others, your bucket fills, too! Talk, spend time, or interact with someone who is feeling blue. Help them switch the direction of their day. You can fill their bucket, and fill yours, too!
GROUP ACTIVITIES:
Choose one activity that you feel will work best with the students in your class. *Activities marked with an * may be especially suitable for students in grades 1-3.

*Mood Meter
Materials for younger students: 1 large poster board with mood meter template drawn but blank, a brad to connect the spinner

Have students brainstorm different feelings that can be put in the pie slices. You can fill in similar feelings in each slice such as angry, mad, frustrated can be on one slice. On the slice directly opposite, fill in ideas of what they can do to feel better. Post this in the classroom to be used as a tool for the rest of the year.

Materials for older students: Make copies of the Mood Meter handout on construction paper or heavier paper for each student.
In the wedges under “When I feel” have the students write feelings of a blue day: sad, lonely, angry, anxious, grouchy, etc. On the other side directly across the circle, they write an activity or tool that they can do to feel better.
Mount the arrow with the brad in the center of the circle, and the arrow should point to both the mood and the corresponding activity.

*My Blue Day Tool Kit/ Feeling Tool Kit
Materials: a copy of the “tool kit” booklet for each student, fun singing and dancing music, List of Feelings

Play the fun music. Make a booklet of tools that can be used to turn a blue day into a positive day. Title the book, “My Blue Day Tool Book”. Have the students complete the sentence, “I can _______” on each page. Students can keep these booklets in their desks and refer to them as needed.

For the Feelings tool kit brainstorm different types of feelings. They can be positive and negative feelings. Refer to the list of feelings.

💡 Role-Play Activities*
Look at the list you made during the discussion for A Blue Day. Have students act out the items on the list. Pretend to take a nap, sing a song, put on dance music, look at the world upside down, etc. Then divide the group into small groups and have them act out what they would do to fill someone’s bucket that is looking like they are having a blue day:
- A classmate arrives at school without his/her backpack.
- You notice someone playing alone at recess.
- The person sitting at the desk next to you keeps putting their head down and looks sad.
- You keep thinking about a mistake you made yesterday. You just can’t get it out of your mind. How can you stop dipping in your own bucket?

For Today I feel Silly
Write one of the following scenes on an index card:
- Children on the bus were calling Willie names.
- Maureen just learned how to ride a two-wheel bike.

Project Cornerstone, ABC Year 2, Lesson 4, The Blue Day Book for Kids or Today I Feel Silly
• Lakisha’s friend was invited to a party, but Lakisha wasn’t invited.
• A child walked by and messed up the puzzle Rufus was putting together.
• Carlos is starting a new school, and two children asked him to play with them.
• Susie was carrying the plate of cookies to the backyard, but tripped and dropped them.

Have a child pick a card, and read it aloud.
• Say: “Imagine this happened to you. How would you feel?”
  “How could you show you understand and care if you saw this happen to another person?”
• Have the child act out how they would respond to the scenario they choose or to one they came up with. Remind them not to use anyone’s real names.

**Digital Citizenship Role-Play**
Ask students to share examples of how to be clear and respectful of others when you are talking. Some responses could be:
• Talk and explain things clearly
• Repeat directions or rules
• Listen
• Take turns talking
• Use a calm tone
• Use *bucket filling* words
• Check for understanding

Face to face talking allows us to see the body language and hear the tone of voice of the other person. It makes it easier for us to see if the other person understands us, is confused, happy, sad, hurt or angry.
For example: Why aren’t you eating your carrots.
This simple sentence can be said in lots of different tones and carry lots of different meanings.
In the digital world, we write with short texts and emails, and cannot see the body language or hear the tone of voice of the other person. This can lead to lots of confusion and hurt feelings. We must be very careful when using email and text so our meaning is not misunderstood.

Let’s role-play the following scenarios on being *digital UPstanders*:

**Scenario 1**
Your friend in a different school texts you to say he is having a *blue day*. How do you respond?

**Scenario 2**
You receive an email from your grandma. She sounds sad and lonely. How do you respond?

**Scenario 3**
Your friend sends you a text that says he is really lonely in his new school. How can you help?

As the students do their role-plays, offer advice on how to be clear in their messages. Jokes, sarcasm and upper case writing can all be tricky in the digital world. Avoid sending a mixed-message by being clear, thoughtful and showing respect. Encourage them to act out re-reading or waiting before they hit send.

[http://www.commonsensemedia.org/educators/lesson/show-respect-online-2-3](http://www.commonsensemedia.org/educators/lesson/show-respect-online-2-3)
*Blue Day/ New Day Masks*
Materials: a piece of heavy white paper for each student. Check with the teacher about art supplies in the classroom – you can have the students use crayons or paint. Or 2 paper plates per student stapled together but with room left to slide hand in.

Have the students make a two-sided mask – one that is sad or blue and one that is happy and cheerful. When they are done, ask the whole class to hold their blue day mask up over their face. On the count of 3, ask them to quickly turn their masks around to the happier side.

Or

Have students draw their blue day face and then on the other side a new day face. Reinforce that just like these masks; they can take control over how they feel about their day. They can also look for signs that their classmates are having a blue day and use their tools in their tool kits to help them have a new day.

Recipe to Cure a Blue Day
Materials: Recipe cards or handout printed on tag or construction paper for each student

Talk about recipes and how they are used for cooking. Bring in a few examples. Explain it lists ingredients first and then the instructions for the delicious dish. Using ideas that have been discussed have students write up a recipe for curing a blue day. It can be written in the voice of what they would do or a recipe to help someone else.

Cootie Catchers
Materials: cootie catchers
Brainstorm ways to cure a blue day. Have students make their own cootie catcher. Have them pair share what they wrote. A blank one could be sent home to do as homework with families.

CLOSING

Three Minute Huddle (Led by ABC Volunteer)
Have everyone close their eyes and think for a minute about one thing they learned from the book about how to turn a blue day into a new day. Ask them to open their eyes and pair-share with someone sitting next to them. Ask two or three volunteers to share their ideas with the class.
SCHOOL WIDE EXTENSIONS

Acrostic Poem: Mascot Name
Create a school poem using the school mascot. Individual classrooms can create their own. Student Council can combine the poems into one final product. Have students make posters of the final poem and teach it at a pep rally.

- As UPstanders, we have the chance every day to cheer people up when they are feeling blue.
- Use the name of your school or class mascot to write an UPstander acrostic poem about things an UPstander can do to help make somebody’s day better.
- Use “Group Think” to generate ideas.
- Ask students for things someone can say or do as prompts for the poem’s content. Record responses on chart paper.
- The goal of this activity is to create a shared vision of the responsibility of an UPstander. For example: BRONCOS
  B- Be “there” for others!
  R- Remind them that their sad feelings are temporary.
  O- Offer help!
  N- No one is alone. We are all Broncos!
  C- Caring starts with ME!
  O- One person can make a difference!
  S- Say Something!

Listening Posts
Ask retired community members to become listeners 2-3 times a week on campus at lunchtime recess. Set up the listening post in a comfortable, quiet area. Adults can have drawing materials, story books, simple games etc. to help start conversations. Introduce the idea to each classroom. Volunteers are here to listen to students and share their experiences. You can talk, draw pictures, listen to a story or interview them on their life. The volunteers can meet individually or with small groups.

Before starting your Listening Post, offer a short asset building training to explain ways to interact with the students and volunteer requirements at your school.
EXTENSIONS FOR TEACHERS

Three Minute Huddle (Led by Teacher)
The lesson today may stir up some complex feelings that may not be apparent right away. Observe your students carefully to see if someone appears to be affected by the topic of *The Blue Day Book*. Here are some signs of depression that indicate a need for seeking help from colleagues or talking to parents:

- Crying, feeling sad, helpless or hopeless
- Feeling discouraged or worthless
- Loss of interest or pleasure in others or most activities
- Fatigue and loss of energy nearly every day
- Bad temper, irritable, easily annoyed
- Fearful, tense, anxious
- Repeated rejection by other children
- Drop in school performance
- Inability to sit still, fidgeting or pacing
- Repeated emotional outbursts, shouting or complaining
- Doesn’t talk to other children
- Repeated physical complaints without medical cause (headaches, stomach aches, aching arm or legs)
- Significant increase or decrease in appetite (not due to appropriate dieting)
- Change in sleep habits

Classroom Enrichment

Feeling Scarf
Materials: book, yarn, shoebox or dowels

A great follow-up book for teachers to share with their students is *Grandpa Bear’s Fantastic Scarf* by Gillian Heal. Grandpa bear shares with his grandson how he created his favorite scarf. He explains how he has woven bits and pieces of his life into the scarf, using dull and coarse yarn for sad or grumpy times and bright, fuzzy materials for happier memories. Have many different colors of yarn. Let children weave their own feeling scarf with the yarn. Have the students make a simple loom with the shoebox or use the dowels as if making an ojo de Dios (eye of God).

Color of my Days
Materials: book, paper to make color-feeling book, crayons, pastels, paints or markers

Another good follow-up book about feelings is *My Many Colored Days* by Dr. Seuss. After the teacher reads this book to the children they can return to the *The Blue Day Book for Kids*, and discuss the color each animal might be and his/her feeling at the time the photo was taken. Some of the colors and feelings differ in the Dr. Seuss book. Talk about this and the use of color to depict feelings. Students can make their own color and feeling book.

*Blue Day and Happy Day*
Materials: white art paper, blue and yellow paint, sponge or brush

Dilute the blue paint with water. Have the students use a brush or sponge to paint the paper.
When dry, put a yellow wash on the other side. Let that dry. At the bottom of the blue paint, have the students write, “I feel blue when _______. And on the yellow side, “I feel happy when _______. This is a 3 day project.

*Cheer You Up When Having a Blue Day
Materials: digital camera, worksheet, crayons, markers, white tag or construction paper

Tell the students you want to take their picture and paste it on the frame. This will be a gift for them to give to someone who needs cheering up. Tell them you will need them to practice making a goofy, funny face that will make someone laugh. Cut the tag or construction paper into half. Pass out the worksheet cut in half. Ask them to cut and paste the paper onto the construction paper or simply write the title and decorate a half inch around the frame. Paste the student’s picture on the frame. Send home for students to give to parents. It will cheer them up when they are having a blue day.

Comic Strip
Materials needed: copies of the funny pages, cartoon starter worksheets, pencils or pens, or computers

Lots of the animals in the book use humor to cheer themselves up. One form of humor that we enjoy as human beings is the daily funny pages and our favorite comic books. Break the students up into groups of three or four. Give them the funny pages and cartoon starter worksheets. Read the directions and challenge them to create their own original comic strip from what they learned today. Students can do this individually or as a small group.

This could also be done at computers. Students can go to this website: www.MakeBeliefsComix.com They can email you their final product.

Homework
Ask the students to interview the adults in their home and make a list of things that they use to switch directions and make their blue days better.
RESOURCES

Books:
- *Understand and Care* by Cheri Meiners (Kindergarten series)
- *Grandpa Bear’s Fantastic Scarf* by Gillian Heal
- *My Many Colored Days* by Dr. Seuss
- *Building Resilience in Children and Teens* by Kenneth R. Ginsburg, MD, MS Ed. FAAP

Websites:
- [www.commonsensemedia.org](http://www.commonsensemedia.org) for more information on digital citizenship. The link below will take you directly to the lesson used in this lesson. [http://www.commonsensemedia.org/educators/lesson/show-respect-online-2-3](http://www.commonsensemedia.org/educators/lesson/show-respect-online-2-3)

Video:
- Madagascar Movie

Song:
- *Don’t Worry, Be Happy* by Bobby McFaran

21st Century Skills:

Here is a key to the 21st Century skills used in this lesson:

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